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.....PLA's 40th Raising Day

has been saying one thing to Naga people and something totally contradictory to the peoples of Manipur, Assam and Arunachal Pradesh thereby stoking conflicts among the peoples of the region. This is an unmistakable indication that the Framework Agreement is a deceitful agreement, a conspiracy to polarize the peoples of the region. Any people's movement to challenge and neutralize such conspiracy of Gol must not have any element of communalism otherwise the movement may be interpreted wrongly and it may deepen inter-community conflicts.

"Conceptualization of such a movement which can effectively neutralize Gol's divisive policies will largely depend on our idea, approach and ability to foster a sense of oneness. Our people need to be very watchful because politicians and the puppet rulers who are using the Framework Agreement as a tool of their election strategies have been working to identify the people's movement with their sectarian politics, and if they are successful in their diabolic attempt, the people's movement which should be a collective movement of all the people may get obliterated as a communal movement. Our people must not ever overlook the fact that all the political parties active in Manipur are branches of Gol and the hard core politicians have sold off their souls to Indian politics after relegating genuine politics of Manipur to the back seat, and decisions taken by them will always go in favor of India. In crucial matters related to Manipur, they will never have the will and courage to take any decision in defiance of Gol. Protection of Manipur's integrity lies in the collective strength of our people. The collective mass movement which our people must wage in the face of Gol's destructive policies must be a clear warning to one and all that the Indian colonial rule can be overthrown and all Indian political parties can be uprooted from the soil of Manipur. We need to mobilize ourselves for such a path-breaking mass movement.", the RPF President said.

Regarding the boundary issue, the statement added, "At the moment it would not be right to accept the eastern boundary of Manipur demarcated between Myanmar and India as our real boundary. We must not accept Gol's approach to retain just 22,327 Sq. Km. out of the total territory of Manipur within India and give away the rest to Myanmar."

"In the past too, Manipur had lost its border areas not only to Myanmar but also to India when British India demarcated boundary of Manipur for their administrative convenience. It was not only territory but our people were also colonized when India annexed Manipur. Though we are living in Manipur as Manipuri, all our rights have been forfeited. That is why Gol is not listening to our single word with regard to our own territorial boundary and this is an unmistakable example of how we have been reduced to the status of refugees in our own land. Given this reality, putting faith in Gol and entrusting them the task of re-demarcating Manipur's boundary with Myanmar will be futile. Gol will never establish the real boundary of Manipur. In order to entitle ourselves the right to demarcate our true boundary and resolve all boundary issues with Myanmar, we must first liberate Manipur

and make it an independent country", the statement added. It added that Myanmar is our immediate neighbor and history clearly defines the relationship shared between peoples of the two countries. Even after Manipur had been annexed by India, Myanmar people do not see Manipuris as Indians; they give more importance to their relationship with Manipur than with India as testified by their treatment of issues of Manipur separately, away from their bilateral relationship with India. It is not very long back that Myanmar rescued itself from being overwhelmed by Indians demographically. Moreover, Gol supported many militant groups which were waging wars against Government of Myanmar thereby posing serious hurdles to consolidation of Myanmar as a unified country. Contributions of Manipuri cavalry known as Cassay Horse in the process of consolidation of Myanmar as a unified country and at times of aggression by external forces and creative works of Manipuri artisans are highly appreciated and respected by people of Myanmar.

Manipur-Myanmar relationship which had passed through both cordial and hostile phases had withstood the test of time. We must restrain ourselves from doing anything at the behest of Gol which may strain Manipur-Myanmar relationship and this will go a long way in determining the future of Manipur.

Regarding the incessant influx of Mayangs, their ever-expanding settlements, diversification and monopolization of commercial activities and their rapid population growth, the RPF President said that the people should fight the issue collectively rather than beseeching Gol to protect us from the population invasion for Gol will never do anything to safeguard us, the indigenous people of the land. Even though the dream of hard core Indian politicians to build a greater India by bringing Afghanistan, Pakistan, Nepal, Tibet, Bhutan, Myanmar and Bangladesh within India could not be realized, they firmly believe that the present boundary will remain intact forever. Apart from its military approach to keep Manipur within India, Gol has been scheming to make Indians dominate the indigenous people demographically with the sinister objective of assimilating Manipuri people completely into the Indian society.

"We must take up concrete measures to counter this population invasion. Our people need to ensure that Indians living in Manipur are not given unlimited freedom and at the same time, Indians should know that they would be in viting strict vigil upon themselves if they fail to take the realities of Manipur with due seriousness. To avoid such strict vigil, Indians working in central government or state government offices and those searching for jobs in Manipur should never ever consider Manipur as their homeland and they must not overlook the existing deep-rooted political conflict between India and Manipur. If they ignore this advice and challenge the collective aspiration of Manipuri people, they will be creating their own enemy and revolutionary groups of the land will punish them. "Last but not the least, we now know how Indian occupational forces captured revolutionary cadres, demanded ransoms, engineered their disappearances

regardless of whether they got ransom or not, outraged modesty of a number of our women and massacred innocent civilians in fake encounters. They themselves have disclosed their own brutal character. Our people cannot afford inaction and silence in this situation on the false self-assurance that such brutal and ugly incidents will not happen to our families. We are all one and the same before the eyes of our enemies. Even if our people take side with Indian occupational forces by blaming the revolutionary groups for all the misery, they (Indian occupational forces) will never trust our people. The revolutionary movement will definitely encompass each and every one of us one day or the other. By that time, all of us will face the wrath and brutality of Indian occupational forces. This is inevitable and no amount of pleadings and beseeching to the Indian occupational forces will help us. We must prepare ourselves for this eventuality and fight Indian occupational forces collectively and their local followers, the traitors", the statement said.

The RPF president also called on the people's need to raise a collective voice against treatment of revolutionary cadres by Manipuri Indian security forces particularly police commandos as their sworn enemies and undue harassment and killing of civilians in fake encounters in the name of maintaining law and order so that this disturbing trend does not continue any longer. Otherwise, a new chapter of endless vengeance, fraternal killings and bloodbath will be written in the history of Manipur. Just like British colonial rulers who employed British Indian Army to suppress the Indian independence movement, Indian Manipuri soldiers have started taking lead roles in Gol's fight against the revolutionary movement. This must be stopped immediately. Else, their names will be discredited forever, future generations will look to them with contempt and their own descendants will live in disgrace among free people of independent Manipur. Manipuri Indian security forces must take all these facts into consideration while discharging their duties and they must re-orient their actions and intentions towards a progressive Manipur.

"We now know our enemies but as a result of living within India for a prolonged period, it appears that we cannot survive without depending on India. Driven by such notion that we cannot survive as a nation/community without India's protection, our people feel compelled to go to New Delhi to seek their goodwill and blessing. But this, in fact, is becoming another major cause for further downfall of Manipur. It is the bounden duty of each and every one of us to make Manipur a progressive, prosperous and peaceful society. We can definitely see a new world, quite different from the world we are living at present if we look beyond India's colonial rule and its illusions. It is for this very reason that we, revolutionaries, have been waging an armed revolutionary campaign with a firm belief that we are capable of re-building a nation and we have every right to re-build our nation, and we have to snatch this right from Gol. To be a part of this revolutionary movement is shouldering our responsibility towards our nation. Let's unite together and take the revolutionary movement forward, the statement added.



Chief Minister talking with people on Hill Leaders' day & Peoples' day at CM Bungalow Darbar Hall today

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Science and Research should be useful to the betterment of mankind: Vice President

youngsters here and appreciate them for choosing to work at ISRO. I am sure that many of you will get opportunities to work on challenging scientific projects and prove your calibre. Since the launch of the first satellite, Aryabhata in 1975, Indian space programme has made rapid strides with India becoming a hub for the launch of Indian and foreign satellites.

With the successful launch of two satellites belonging to UK earlier this month, ISRO has so far launched 239 foreign satellites of 28 countries and proved to be a reliable and affordable global space agency. I am sure that in the coming years, ISRO would be a leading player in the commercial satellite launch market in the world.

Let me first congratulate all scientists for the success of the missions such as the launching of 104 satellites at a time, development of testing Crew Escape System which is a critical technology for human spaceflight GAGANYAAN and the launch of GSVL Mk-III with fully indigenous cryogenic technology.

ISRO with its state-of-the-art facilities has been harnessing space technology for rural and urban development. I am aware that ISRO maintains one of the largest fleet of communication and remote sensing satellites with the versatile workhorse, Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle (PSLV) becoming a favoured carrier.

Remote sensing satellites have enabled India to map, monitor and manage its natural resources. Data generated from them is being used for a variety of applications covering agriculture, water resources, urban planning, environment, forestry, ocean resources, hydrology, disaster management, biodiversity, drought monitoring, flood risk zone mapping and mineral prospecting. After making every Indian

proud with the success of Chandrayaan-1 and Mars Orbiter Spacecraft, I am glad to know that ISRO is gearing up for the launch of Chandrayaan-2 early next year. I had visited this Centre in 2002 when I was Union Minister for Rural Development. I am happy to be here again after 16 years and share my thoughts with all of you. There have been several satellite missions every year since then. Scientists play a key role in providing data and should focus on the requirements of the common man, more importantly of the farmer, and help in formulating strategies for better Governance.

When you look at the flagship programmes which are being implemented by various ministries, it is clear the data acquired from Earth Observation Satellites play a major role in generation of information. Frequent observations recorded by satellites are useful to know the past and current status as also the future scenario. Dear sisters and brothers, Rural development is vital for the country's growth. Hence, several national flagship programmes are being implemented in the country. For effective implementation of these schemes, there is a need for optimal utilisation of satellite data for mapping and monitoring the resources and also take up impact assessment studies. I am glad that ISRO has facilitated geo-tagging of nearly 3.68 Crores of assets created under MGNREGA and uploading the details on Bhuvan geo portal.

I am told that Cartosat satellite data was extensively utilised by NRSC for monitoring the progress of 100 irrigation projects. Satellite derived information on periodic rainfall and groundwater prospects has facilitated the water resource planners for prioritisation of works. Satellite-based information should be available for

supporting the management plans for rural development, particularly at village / taluk level to enable decentralised planning. India is committed to accord high priority to water conservation and its management through Watershed Development Component of Kisan Sinchaayi Yojana. Satellite data is being used to verify the execution of works under watershed development programme and also to assess the impact in terms of additional crop area.

I am aware that the major efforts of NRSC will help the planners in relation to mapping of various cropping systems, analysing drought scenarios, preparing plans for crop intensification and locating the available proximate water resources. I am glad that high resolution satellite data is being utilised in AMRUT scheme, which seeks to provide basic amenities and improve urban transport in 500 cities, as part of enhancing the quality of life of the people, especially the poor.

Periodic mapping, monitoring of natural resources like landscape changes, land utilisation, land degradation, wasteland database would facilitate several projects of rural development. Potential estimate of power generation in waste lands or suitable land parcels through satellite derived solar parameters is a classic case of utilisation of satellite data to harness the renewable energy. While lauding ISRO for its innumerable achievements, I would like the prestigious organisation to take up futuristic, innovative projects for societal benefits.

It should take up the challenge to provide web-based analytics from satellite images for various users. Inter-linking of rivers is a major effort which is under discussion for a long time and requires huge information in spatial domain from satellites. Several plans have to be drawn with the help of aerial/satellite data and I assume that ISRO has the capability to support this planning activity with help of high resolution satellite data and terrain / elevation information retrieval methodologies. I am told that a few river link studies have already benefitted from your expertise.

It is very difficult to manage disasters like Kerala floods or other such events due to the devastation caused by them.

While the Disaster Management Support Programme of ISRO at NRSC is providing flood-related information to the State and Central Relief departments, I would like ISRO to come up with early flood warning and Inundation Simulation of all vulnerable river reaches and reservoirs for preparation of evacuation plans.

This may require launching of all weather satellites, experiments with unmanned aerial flights with imaging sensors to provide information to the field teams at frequent intervals during the floods. I am sure ISRO would take up this challenge.

Landslides are one of the major concerns for the country in hilly regions in eastern part of India and also in other areas. Hence, NRSC should utilise satellites to monitor landslide susceptible areas and prepare hazard zonation maps. I am sure this noble task would save many lives. We need an efficient retrieval of sufficient information for disaster risk reduction.

Though NRSC data is extensively utilized in forest management, there is a need to provide location specific information in near real time with greater accuracy. Institutions like NRSC should also focus on ocean atmosphere studies in view of global warming and climate change. There is a need to look into climate patterns and atmospheric interaction processes for more reliable prediction of cyclones, their genesis, prediction of track, land fall and genesis of Tsunami, among others. As these processes are global in nature, we need to think of global collaborations and the utilisation of Indian and global satellites.

In view of the increasing demand for citizen centric services NRSC has to play an important role in providing Satellite Data and expand its technical interactions with various states for capacity building. Based on its expertise and capability, I am confident that NRSC will intensify its efforts to come up with innovative citizen-centric applications for national flagship programmes. I am told that ISRO's future plans include development of heavy lift launchers, human spaceflight projects, reusable launch vehicles, semi-cryogenic engines, development and use of composite materials for space applications. It is also aiming to conduct 12 launches per year.

Lost

I have lost my documents for Maruti 800 bearing Registration number MN 05 5685 and for Yamaha R15 bearing registration number MN 04D 1709 on the way from Moirangkhom to Khurai Sajoi Leikai on 20th September 2018. Finders are requested to hand over the same to the undersigned.

Sd/-
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